Appendix A

RCRA Exclusions and Exemptions – Federal Regulatory Universe

exemption are within the universe of federally-regulated materials under RCRA Subtitle C. This determination is germane for the first part of the more stringent/broader in scope analysis described in the memorandum to which this table is appended The following table sets out the Agency's position on whether the specified materials that are the subject of either an exclusion or an

the entity is within the regulatory universe would relate to the time during the immediate response). hazardous waste discharge), the analysis relates to the time period covered by the provision (in this example, the inquiry into whether or exemption provision includes a temporal component (such as the exemption for persons engaged in an immediate response to a universe and further analysis under the second part of the guidance (the federal counterpart question) is required. Where an exclusion regulate the material or entity are broader in scope; on the other hand, "Yes" indicates that the material remains within that regulatory Where the table indicates a "No", this means the material or entity is not within the federal regulatory universe and state provisions that

"No", the determination is that the material is outside the regulatory universe when the applicable conditions or terms of the federal those circumstances when the terms of conditional exclusions or exemptions are not met authorization reviewers must still analyze state provisions using the second part of the more stringent/broader in scope test to inform not met so that the exclusion or exemption would not be applicable, the material remains within the federal regulated universe. Regional provision would be considered broader in scope. On the other hand, where particular conditions or terms of the federal regulations are regulations are met. Therefore, where a state does not have a matching exclusion or exemption and regulates the material, the state For those exclusions and exemptions that are set forth with conditions, specific terms or other types of limitations, where specified with

exclusions or exemptions that appear in the regulations or that are promulgated in the future that are not included in this table and there interpretations or case law relating to any particular exemption or exclusion. set forth are those that are found in the regulations. This Appendix does not set out conditions or terms that may be part of regulatory summaries and excerpts are not intended to be relied upon in lieu of the actual regulatory language. The conditions and terms that are should be nothing inferred from the lack of such inclusion. The descriptions of the exclusions and exemptions provided here as While every effort has been made to make this list of exclusions and exemptions as complete as possible, there may be additional

RCRA Exclusions and Exemptions - Federal Regulatory Universe Table

261.4(a)(2)	261.4(a)(1),(3), (4),(5),(13)	40 CFR 261.3 (a)(2)(iv)(A-G))	261.2 Table 1	261.2 Table 1	261.2 Table 1	261.2(e)	Citation
Industrial wastewater discharges that are point source discharges subject to regulation under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act	Unconditional exclusions from regulatory solid waste universe	Headworks Exemption from Mixture Rule for specified wastes at specified concentrations	Commercial chemical products being reclaimed	Characteristic by- products being reclaimed	Characteristic sludges being reclaimed	Use/Reuse	Description
None	None	None	None	Must meet speculative accumulation limits	Must meet speculative accumulation limits	Must be (a) used or reused as ingredients to make product, (b) used or reused as an effective substitute for a product, (c) returned to the original process to be used as feedstock. (Does not apply to use constituting disposal, burning for energy or inherently waste-like material). Must meet speculative accumulation limits	Conditions or Terms of the Provision
No This exclusion only applies to the actual point source discharge and does not exclude industrial wastewaters while they are being collected, stored or treated prior to discharge nor does it exclude industrial wastewater treatment.	No	Not within the federal universe if specified wastes are present at or below the specified concentration; if the material is not a specified waste or is present above the specified concentration, it is within the federal universe.	No	No	No	No	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?

	Stored in containers sufficient to prevent release	Shredded Circuit Boards that are free of mercury switches, batteries	261.4(a)(14)
	No land placement nor speculative accumulation prior to recycling; coke product does not exhibit characteristic	Hazardous Oil-Bearing Secondary Materials and Recovered Oil from Petroleum Refining Operations	261.4(a)(12)
	Must be shipped in drums and not land disposed	Splash Condenser Dross Residue	261.4(a)(11)
	Recycled only to coke ovens or tar recovery process as a feedstock to produce coal tar or mixed with coal tar prior to the tar's sale or refining; no land disposal prior to recycling	Coke By-Product Wastes that exhibit only the toxicity characteristic	261.4(a)(10)
	Reused on-site for intended purpose; managed to prevent releases; meets drip pad standards and one-time notification requirement	Spent Wood Preservatives	261.4(a)(9)
	Only tank storage; closed process connected by pipes or similar equipment; no controlled flame combustion; must meet speculative accumulation limits; no burning for energy recovery, no land placement	Secondary Materials Processed in Closed- Loop Recycling	261.4(a)(8)
	Must be used to produce virgin sulfuric acid and meet speculative accumulation limits	Spent Sulfuric Acid	261.4(a)(7)
	Must be reclaimed in a pulping liquor recovery furnace, reused in the pulping process and meet speculative accumulation limits	Pulping Liquors	261.4(a)(6)
While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	Description	Citation

Citation	Description Condensates derived	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?
261.4(a)(15)	Condensates derived from the overhead gases from kraft mill steam strippers that are used to comply with 40 CFR § 63.446(e)	None	No This exclusion applies only to combustion at the mill generating the condensates.
261.4(a)(16) ¹ 261.38	Comparable Fuels that meet requirements of 40 CFR Section 261.38. Includes minimum heating value, viscosity specifications and constituent concentrations.	Limits on blending. No impermissible dilution. Excluded fuel can only be burned in certain units. Generator must keep records necessary to document compliance with those conditions, must submit a one-time notice, must publish a notice in the local newspaper, must develop and follow a written fuel analysis plan and must conduct sampling and analysis according to the plan. Excluded fuel must be re-tested at least annually. Generator must maintain an operating record and a record of all shipments off-site and must obtain a certification from the burner.	No
261.4(a)(17)	Mineral Processing Spent Materials	Must be legitimately recycled; must meet speculative accumulation limits, storage standards, and notification requirement	No
261.4(a)(18)	Petrochemical Recovered Oil from organic chemical manufacturing facility that is only characteristically hazardous	No placement on the land; must meet speculative accumulation limits	No

¹ On June 27, 2014, the Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit vacated the Comparable Fuels Exclusion. As of the date of the memorandum to which this chart is appended, that vacatur had not yet become effective. If necessary, a revised chart may be distributed in the future to address the vacatur.

Description Conditions or Terms of the Provision is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe? No No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirements that meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement and annual reports requirements Zinc Fertilizers Made requirement and annual reports requirements No No No No No No No Reclamation occurs of Size 139(a) and (b). For CRT glass Must go to a CRT glass maker or lead smelter. (40 CFR § 251 39(a) and (b). Reclamation occurs onsite or within the same company or under a tolling agreement, must meet containment requirement and not be speculatively accumulate; no exports		Note: notification is a requirement but not a condition		
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements The fertilizer is made from materials that meet 40 CFR § 261.4(a)(20) and the manufacturer must meet sampling, analysis and record requirements Must meet speculative accumulation limits For used, intact CRTs: No disposal; must meet speculative accumulation limits; meet export requirements For used, broken CRTs: Specific storage and container standards, labeling, export requirements, processing requirements. (40 CFR §§ 261.39(a) and (b)). For CRT glass: Must go to a CRT glass maker or lead smelter. (40 CFR § 261.39(c)).			Generator-controlled reclamation exclusion	261.4(a)(23)
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements The fertilizer is made from materials that meet 40 CFR § 261.4(a)(20) and the manufacturer must meet sampling, analysis and record requirements Must meet speculative accumulation limits For used, intact CRTs: No disposal; must meet speculative accumulation limits; meet export requirements For used, broken CRTs: Specific storage and container standards, labeling, export requirements, processing requirements. (40 CFR §§ 261.39(a) and (b)).		For CRT glass: Must go to a CRT glass maker or lead smelter. (40 CFR § 261.39(c)).		
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements No The fertilizer is made from materials that meet 40 CFR § 261.4(a)(20) and the manufacturer must meet sampling, analysis and record requirements No For used, intact CRTs: No disposal; must meet speculative accumulation limits; meet export requirements		For used, broken CRTs: Specific storage and container standards, labeling, export requirements, processing requirements. (40 CFR §§ 261.39(a) and (b)).	Tubes (CRTs)	and 261.39
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements No The fertilizer is made from materials that meet 40 CFR § 261.4(a)(20) and the manufacturer must meet sampling, analysis and record requirements No Must meet speculative accumulation limits		For used, intact CRTs: No disposal; must meet speculative accumulation limits; meet export requirements	Topodo Cuthodo Ross	261.4(a)(22)
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements No The fertilizer is made from materials that meet 40 CFR § 261.4(a)(20) and the manufacturer must meet sampling, analysis and record requirements	0			
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits No Must meet speculative accumulation limits, a one-time notice requirement, storage standards, shipment records requirement and annual reports requirements	0	als that meet 40 CFR § er must meet sampling,	Zinc Fertilizers Made from Recycled Hazardous Secondary Materials that meet specified contaminant limits	261.4(a)(21)
Conditions or Terms of the Provision No land placement; must meet speculative accumulation limits	0		Hazardous Secondary Materials Used to Make Zinc Fertilizers	261.4(a)(20)
Conditions or Terms of the Provision	5	nd placement; must meet speculative accumulation	Spent Caustic Solutions from Petroleum Refining	261.4(a)(19)
	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	Description	Citation

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Exemption extends to resource recovery facilities handling municipal solid waste provided such facilities only receive and burn household waste and solid waste from commercial and industrial sources that does not contain hazardous waste; facilities cannot accept hazardous wastes and must establish contractual requirements or other appropriate notification or inspection procedures to assure that hazardous wastes are not received at nor burned in such facility.
Stored in labeled non-leaking containers, accumulated no longer than 180 days, generators must maintain documentation, and wipes are sent to a laundry or dry cleaner whose discharge, if any is regulated under sections 301 and 402 or section 307 of the Clean Water Act.
Must send to RCRA-permitted recycler or perform audit, must maintain shipping records including confirmations of receipt, recycler must have financial assurance, containment requirement must be met, no speculative accumulation, export requirements Note: notification is a requirement but not a condition

261.4(b)(8) Ce	Sol 261.4(b)(7) ext and and	261.4(b)(6) Triv	Dril wai 261.4(b)(5) wai oil,	261.4(b)(4) Fossii waste	Citation
Cement kiln dust waste	Solid waste from the extraction, beneficiation and processing of ores and minerals	Trivalent Chromium Waste	Drilling fluids, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration of crude oil, natural gas or geothermal energy	Fossil fuel combustion waste	Description
Not otherwise regulated by 40 CFR § 266.112 for facilities that burn or process hazardous waste	If the material is a residue derived from co-processing mineral processing secondary materials with normal beneficiation raw materials or with normal mineral processing raw materials, the residue is exempt provided the owner or operator processes at least 50 percent by weight normal beneficiation raw materials or normal mineral processing raw materials and legitimately reclaims the secondary mineral processing materials; not otherwise regulated by 40 CFR § 266.112 for facilities that burn or process hazardous waste	Normally managed in non-oxidizing environment	None	Not otherwise regulated by 40 CFR § 266.112 for facilities that burn or process hazardous waste	Conditions or Terms of the Provision
No	No	Z _o	No	No	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?

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Reinjection must occur only pursuant to specific petroleum operations and in accordance with specified timeframes; operations must be performed pursuant to a written state agreement that is submitted to EPA and includes a provision to assess the groundwater and the need for further remediation once the free phase recovery is completed
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Conditions or Terms of the Provision

261.5 Co	261.4(b)(18) Sc	Le co 261.4(b)(15) fro sp	261.4(b)(14) Us	261.4(b)(13) No	Citation
Conditional exemption for small quantity generators	Solvent contaminated wipes (disposable)	Leachate and gas condensate collected from landfills where specified waste types have been disposed	Used Oil Distillation Bottoms	Non-terne plated used oil filters	Description
Must generate no more than 100 kg of waste per month, conduct hazardous waste determination and ensure waste goes to appropriate facility	Solvent-contaminated wipes, except for wipes that are hazardous waste due to the presence of trichloroethylene, are stored in labeled non-leaking containers, accumulated no longer than 180 days, contain no free liquids, generators must maintain documentation, and wipes are sent to specified disposal or combustion facilities.	The disposed solid waste meets specified listing descriptions and was disposed prior to specified dates; the gas or leachate condensate meets specific characteristic limitations, is discharged subject to regulation under sections 307(b) and 402 of the Clean Water Act and management of the condensate is subject to specified surface impoundment storage limitations.	Must be used to manufacture asphalt products	No mixture with listed wastes, gravity hot-drained pursuant to specified method	Conditions or Terms of the Provision
Yes; while the generators are exempt from most generator regulatory requirements found in 40 CFR Part 262; these entities are subject to some regulatory requirements (e.g., requirement to make a hazardous waste determination) ²	No	No	No	No	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?

² See U.S. v. South Union Company, 630 F.3d 17 (1st Cir. 2010).

No

Reclaimed C 261.6(a)(3(iv) specification (C) CFR 279.11			•			•		(A) and (B)	•				•	refining	product bearing	Hazard
Reclaimed Oil Fuel that meets used oil specifications under 40 CFR 279.11	point at which contaminants are removed	into a refining process after a	hazardous wastes are	hazardous waste fuel	wastes are used to produce	no other hazardous	279.11	specifications under 40 CFR	fuel must meet	products from	process does	distillation	fuel production process does	refining, production, and transportation practices;	produced from oil- bearing hazardous	Hazardous Waste Fuel
Oil is burned as fuel without reintroduction of reclaimed oil into refining process								None								
No																No

261.9/273 F	261.8 F	261.7 If the control of the control	261.6(c)(2) F	261.6(a)(4) h	Citation
Batteries, pesticides, mercury-containing equipment, lamps	PCB-containing dielectric fluid and equipment containing such PCB fluid that is hazardous only because it exhibits the toxic characteristic and is authorized for use and regulated under TSCA	Residues of hazardous waste in containers or inner liners removed from containers that meet the specified criteria for empty containers or empty inner liners	Reclaimers that do not store	Used oil that is hazardous only due to a hazard characteristic	Description
Materials described in 40 CFR Part 273 are subject to regulation under 40 CFR Part 273 rather than full regulation	None	None	No storage of recyclable materials prior to recycling; these entities are subject to Section 3010 notification, Parts 264 and 265 Subparts AA and BB, and manifest requirements	Oil must be recycled	Conditions or Terms of the Provision
Yes	No	No	Yes ³ These entities are subject to Section 3010 notification, Parts 264 and 265 Subparts AA and BB, and manifest requirements	Yes The material is regulated under part 279	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?

³ Note that the recycling process itself is exempt from regulation and state regulation of the recycling process is broader in scope.

⁴ Similar to conditional exclusions or exemptions, if the container or inner liner does not meet the criteria defining "empty," the material is regulated and within the federal

Yes; covered by a permit by rule granted under 40 CFR Part 270	To be exempt from full permitting requirements, entities must meet specified requirements as part of a permit by rule granted under 40 CFR Part 270	Persons disposing of hazardous waste by mean of ocean disposal subject to permit issued under Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act	264.1(c), 265.1(c)(1), 270.60(a)
Yes, for response involving military munitions and responder is military emergency response unit as 3-year record-keeping requirements must be met			
Yes, if responder is owner/operator of facility and is otherwise regulated under part 265 as subparts C and D must be followed	Response must be in accordance with 40 CFR Sections 264.1(g)(8)(i)(D) or (iv) or 265.1(c)(11)(i)(D) or (iv) and 270.1(c)(3)(i)(D) or (iii); activities must not continue after immediate response is over	Persons responding to explosives or munitions emergency	262.10(i), 264,1(g)(8), 265,1(c)(11), 270.1(c)(3)
No, during the time of immediate response if responder is non-military and not the owner/operator of the facility;		s	9
Yes	Multiple specified Conditions	Academic lab waste	262 Subpart K
Yes. While a farmer to which these provisions are applicable is exempt from most generator and disposal requirements, the farmer must still manage the waste in accordance with regulatory requirements (the containers must be triple-rinsed) and the material is RCRA hazardous waste.	Must be from own use; container must be triple-rinsed; residue must be disposed of in accordance with label instructions	Farmer generating waste pesticides	262.10(f), 262.70, 264.1(g)(4)/ 265.1(c)(8)
While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	Description	Citation

Yes, as entities are subject to 40 CFR Part 273	None	Universal waste handlers and transporters handling specified wastes	264.1(g)(11), 265.1(c)(14)
Yes, as owner/operator must meet substantive requirements of reaction prevention provisions and container management provisions	Must be in container; mixture occurs at the time waste is first placed in container; container must meet substantive requirements of 40 CFR Sections 264.17(b), 264.171, and 264.172 are complied with.	Owner/Operator of Facility that mixes absorbent material and waste	264.1(g)(10), 265.1(c)(13)
Yes, as the transporter is regulated under 40 CFR Part 263.	HW is in containers that comply with 40 CFR Section 262.30; storage is at transfer facility; storage lasts no longer than 10 days	Transporter storing manifested HW	264.1(g)(9), 265.1(c)(12)
Yes	Units must meet the definitions in 40 CFR Section 260.10 and the owner/operator must comply with 40 CFR Section 264.17(b) if diluting D001 or D003 wastes to remove characteristic	Owner/operator of elementary neutralization unit or wastewater treatment unit	264.1(g)(6), 265.1(c)(10)
No The treatment activity is not subject to regulation and the material is only regulated as it exits the treatment unit.	Must be constructed and operated in a manner which prevents releases	Owner/operator of totally enclosed treatment unit that is directly connected to an industrial facility	264.1(g)(5), 265.1(c)(9)
Yes; exemption is only from storage permit requirements; waste and entity remains regulated under 40 CFR Part 262	Must meet conditions set out in 40 CFR Section 262.34	Generators accumulating on-site	264.1(g)(3), 265.1(c)(7)
No if the entity is not covered by 40 CFR Part 279 or subparts C, F, G, or H of 40 CFR Part 266 Yes if the entity is covered by 40 CFR Part 279 or subparts C, F, G, or H of 40 CFR Part 266	Entity is exempt except to the extent it is referred to in 40 CFR Part 279 or subparts C, F, G, or H of 40 CFR Part 266	Owner/operator of facility managing recyclable materials	264.1(g)(2), 265.1(c)(6)
No	Facility only handles hazardous waste regulated under 40 CFR Section 261.5	State-permitted municipal or industrial solid waste facility	264.1(g)(1), 265.1(c)(5)
While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	Description	Citation

activities	Multiple specified conditions	Storage and Treatment Exemption for Low- Level Mixed Waste (low- level radioactive waste mixed with RCRA	266 Subpart N
The regulation explicitly sets out the conditions and circumstances under which military munitions are and are not solid waste	Multiple specified conditions	Military Munitions	266 Subpart M
No for the material that do not meet the definition of solid waste in 40 CFR Section 266.202			(2
Yes Part 266 regulates this material	Multiple specified conditions	Hazardous Waste Burned in Boilers and Industrial Furnaces	266 Subpart H
Yes Part 266 regulates this material	Multiple specified conditions	Spent Lead-Acid Batteries Being Reclaimed	266 Subpart G
Yes Part 266 regulates this material	Must meet notification, export and records requirements; must also meet speculative accumulation limits	Materials Utilized for Precious Metal Recovery	266 Subpart F
Yes Part 266 regulates this material	Must meet treatment standards	Recyclable Materials Used in a Manner Constituting Disposal	266 Subpart C
Yes; covered by a permit by rule granted under 40 CFR Part 270	To be exempt from full permitting requirements, entities must meet specified requirements as part of a permit by rule granted under 40 CFR Part 270	Owner/operator of POTW	265.1(c)(3),270 .60(c))
While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?	Conditions or Terms of the Provision	Description	Citation

279 Used Oil	273 Universal Waste	270.60 Permits by Rule Ocean I Injection PoTWs	Citation Descr
-2.00		Disposal 1 Wells	Description
Multiple specified conditions.	Multiple specified conditions	Multiple specified Conditions	Conditions or Terms of the Provision
Yes	Yes	Yes; covered by a permit by rule granted under 40 CFR Part 270	While the conditions are met, is the material or entity within the federal regulatory universe?